Numb. 692

The Daily Gazetteer.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22. 1737.

No 700.

Extract of a Letter from Nimirow, *dated the* 18*th ult.* O. S.

THE Plenipotentiaries of the ſeveral Powers held their Firſt Seſſion on the 5th Inſtant; when having repaired to their Tents with extraordinary Pomp, and from thence to the Room appointed for the Conferences, and having there ſeated themſelves in their Chairs of State, thoſe of the Imperial Miniſters being cover'd with Crimſon Damask, and thoſe of the Ruſſians with Purple Velvet, both the one and the other being adorned with Lace and Fringe of Silver, while the Turks ſate after the Oriental Manner, upon magnificent Squabs; the Count d'Oſtein, the Emperor's Firſt Plenipotentiary, read his Imperial Majeſty's Propoſals with a loud Voice, which being in Latin were tranſlated by his Excellency's Interpreter. The Reis-Effendi made Anſwer in the Turkiſh Language, the Contents of which were explained to the Emperor's Miniſters by the Interpreter of the Porte. Then M. de Schaffiroff, one of the Ruſſian Plenipotentiaries, made a very fine Speech, wherein he gave an Account of the Motives of the preſent War; and ſhewed the Neceſſity of proceeding in earneſt to the Concluſion of a Peace, in Order to ſave the Effuſion of Human Blood: And thus ended the Firſt Seſſion. It appears that the Turkiſh Plenipotentiaries are very well inclined to conſent to the Ceſſion of Aſoph in Favour of the Ruſſians: But as the latter have inſinuated that *Uti Poſſidetis* ought to be the Baſis of the Negociation, 'tis very much to be feared, that this will retard the Concluſion of the Peace; and if that be the Caſe, it is ſaid, the Congreſs will be adjourned to Braclaw, whither Perſons are already ſent, to ſee if the Plenipotentiaries can be better accommodated there this Winter than here. They write from Caminieck, that they have Advice there, that the Turkiſh Miniſter who was at Frauſtad, to compliment the King of Poland on his Acceſſion to the Throne, was ſtrangled at his Return to Choczim; becauſe, ſay they, he went upon that Embaſſy upon the bare Orders of the Grand Vizier, who is newly depoſed, without any Authority for it from the Ottoman Porte.'

Letters of the 3d Inſtant, O. S. from Vienna ſay, They have received an Expreſs from Nimirow, with Letters dated the 15th of Auguſt, importing, that the Turkiſh Plenipotentiaries have declared, that they have no Inſtruction to treat upon the Baſis of *Uti Poſſidetis*.

Thoſe from Dreſden ſay, that at the 3d Conference between the Plenipotentiaries at Nimirow, the Imperial and Ruſſian Miniſters moderated their Pretenſions conſiderably; and that at the 4th they made a Scruple to continue their Negociations with the Porte, upon Advice that the Grand Vizier was depoſed, and another put in his Place; and that thereupon the Plenipotentiaries of the Ottoman Porte made Anſwer, *That they held their Commiſſions from the Grand Seignior: That they would forthwith diſpatch One of their Principal Officers to* Conſtantinople, *to inform his Highneſs of what had paſſed in the Four Conferences; and that as ſoon as they received an Anſwer, they would communicate it to the Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor and the Czarina.* So that till the Return of the ſaid Expreſs the Conferences were to be ſuſpended.

Letters from Warſaw of the 31ſt ult. O. S. mention a 5th Conference, wherein the Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor and the Czarina declar'd, That by their Inſtructions they were to demand that *Uti Poſſidetis* be eſtabliſhed as the Baſis of the Negociations, ſo that each of the Contracting Powers continue in the Enjoyment of what they are poſſeſſed of on the Day the ſaid Condition is accepted. That the Miniſters of the Porte exclaimed very much againſt it, as a Condition too hard and burdenſome upon the Grand Seignior; and that the Reis Effendi declar'd more than all, *That it were better to break off the Conferences than treat on ſuch a Footing.* That the Baron de Tahlman thereupon took Occaſion to repreſent, that the ſaid Term would not, perhaps, be demanded with Rigour; and that he believ'd the Courts of Vienna and Ruſſia might recede from it in ſome Meaſure, if the Porte remov'd all Difficulties on their Part that hinder'd the Concluſion of the Preliminaries. They add, that Couriers are diſpatched to the Imperial and Ruſſian Courts for further Inſtructions upon this Head, as well as on the Suſpenſion of Arms propoſed by the Turkiſh Plenipotentiaries.

They write from Tranſylvania, that the Turks are for moſt Part encamp'd in ſeveral Places between the Nieſter, the Pruth, and the Danube, in ſuch Manner as to be able to unite either againſt the Germans or Ruſſians. And from Vienna, that the Prince of Saxe Hilburghauſen is returned to Gradiſca in Sclavonia, the Orders he had to advance towards Servia being revoked.

The Letters from Vienna add, that the Emperor has declared to the States of his Hereditary Dominions, that tho' he had demanded 25,000 Recruits of 'em, and 8000 Horſes to remount his Cavalry, to enable him to continue the War againſt the Turks next Year, yet it would be more convenient for him to receive that Supply in Money, to be employ'd in liſting Men in the Empire to reinforce his Army. Accordingly the States of Auſtria have furniſhed the Imperial Cheſt with a conſiderable Sum to buy 10,000 Horſes; and there's a Talk of laying a Poll Tax this Year throughout the Hereditary Countries, if a Peace be not ſpeedily concluded.

By their laſt Accounts from Hungary it appears, that Count Seckendorf is marching with his Army towards Boſnia; and 'tis ſtill thought he will lay Siege to Zwornick; but 'tis certain that of Widdin is quite laid aſide, and that only a ſmall Camp of 60 Squadrons and 15 Battalions, will be form'd upon the River Timoc, at ſome Diſtance from that Place.

Letters of the 27th ult. O. S. from Florence ſay, that ſome Engliſh Gentlemen meeting at an Ordinary there to Sup. quarrelled before they parted, and fought with drawn Swords; ſo that Capt. Ponſonby and Mr. Wright were killed. The Earl of Middleſex, eldeſt Son to the Duke of Dorſet, and the Lord Sherard Manners, Son to the Duke of Rutland, who were of the ſame Company, left it a little before the Quarrel broke out.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Cadiz, Sept. 10. *N. S.* On the 3d Inſtant arrived the Jaſon, Dewey, from Gibraltar: On the 5th, the Matthew, Lambert, from Dublin; the London Poſt, Woolſe, from Amſterdam; the St. David, Jones, from Philadelphia; the William and Sarah, Harland, from New York: On the 8th the Scipio, Jones, from Cadiz. Sailed the 4th, the Elizabeth and Mary, Cook, for the North; the Diamond, Pain, for ditto: On the 5th, the Providence, Denn, for Seville; the Samuel and Elizabeth, Chilton, for the Levant; the William, Paſco, for the North: On the 9th, the Catherine, Malan, for Genoa; the Sarah, Campbell, for Genoa; the John and William, Tobin, for the Levant.

Leghorn, Sept. 16. *N. S.* Arrived the Mermaid, Rogers, from Naples; the John and Elizabeth, Spencer, from Napoli de Romania.

Meſſina, Sept. The Ruby, Saunders, is arrived here from London.

Elſeneur, Sept. 21. *N. S.* My laſt was of the 17th Inſt. ſince the following Maſters have arrived, viz. Roger Curling, of and from London for Stockholm; Roſs Dunkin, of and from ditto for Riga; John Coats, of and for London from Dantzick; Edward Nairn, of and for London from Stockholm; William Lambert, of and for ditto, from Stetin; Robert Alliſon, of and from Blyth for Copenhagen; Samuel Major, and Stephen German, of and from London for Stockholm; William Barnes of London, from Cape de Verde for Riga; John Proctor, of and from Newcaſtle for Copenhagen; John Ellis, of and for London from Petersburg.

'Thoſe bound for the Baltick are ſailed, with the 'Wind at N. W. which continues.

Hamburgh, Sept. 24. *N. S.* Up the Elbe are arrived the Ships of Capt. Forbes from Carolina; and Capt. Burrows from Exon.

Amſterdam, Sept. 27. *N. S.* In the Texel are arrived the Ships of Anthony Welling; and the Henry, Richard Tobin, from Gallipoly; the Lady Elizabeth Vinck, from London; the Ship of John Wardel from Hull; and the Dolphin, Charles Peterſon from Santa Cruz in South Barbary.

HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, Sept. 19. Arrived the Betty, Cammell, from the Leeward Iſlands, who on the 14th of Auguſt, in the Latitude 57 Degrees North, met with a violent Gale of Wind in which he loſt his Foremaſt, Fore Topmaſt, and his Mizen; and if it had laſted ſome ſmall time longer, they expected to have periſhed.

Whitehaven, Sept. 17. Arrived the Dorothy, Hodgſon, from Petersburg, and the William, Taylor, from Virginia.

Weymouth, Sept. 19. Yeſterday came to an Anchor in Portland Road his Majeſty's Ship Blandford, from Portſmouth for Plymouth; the Succeſs, Miller, of and for Waterford from Petersburg.

Portſmouth, Sept. 20. Yeſterday ſailed the Brogden, Jones, with Flower and Biſket for Gibraltar. Came in the Armſtrong, Armſtrong, from Havannah for Orders.

Deal, Sept. 20. Wind S. by W. The Three Brothers, Yeomans, is ſailed, and the other outward bound, as per laſt. Since came down the Dragon, Neat, for Philadelphia; the ——, Major, for Liſbon; the Rotterdam Merchant, Alderwood, for Briſtol. Put back the Mary, Lawrence, for Barcelona. Arrived the Fragrant Roſe, Bruce, from Gallipoly; the Fanny, Verchild, from St. Chriſtopher's; the Macclesfield, Newton, from Jamaica.

Graveſend, Sept 20. Arrived the Mary, Gilby, from Calais; the Swallow, Hutchinſon, from Oneglia; the Catherine, Rowlandſon, from Rotterdam; the Seahorſe, Tilmouth, from Narva; the Santa Rita, De la Sotta y Syria, from Bilbao; the Sarah and Margaret, Spence; the Roſe in June, Barker, from Petersburg; the Johanna, Mackenzie, from Monſerrat; the Mary, Crow, from Stockholm; the Radburn, Newdigate, from St. Chriſtopher's; the Phillippi, Woodhouſe, from Zant.

LONDON.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from France, but brings little News. The Letter A-la-main, which is of the 17th Inſt. O. S. ſays, that according to Advices of the 31ſt ult. from Genoa, the Reports about Baron Nieuhoff's Return to Corſica are groundleſs, and that this notable Fortune-Hunter hearing of the Reſolution that France had taken to reduce the Rebels to the Obedience of the Genoeſe, is afraid to expoſe himſelf there again.

Several People are taken into Cuſtody at Paris, for giving out falſe Reports of an intended Alteration in the French Miniſtry; and that the Government is reſolved, if poſſible, to find out the Authors.

Captain Newton of the Macclesfield, who left Jamaica the 22d of July laſt, writes from the Downs the 20th Inſtant, that he ſent an Account of Sales by Captain Chandler of the Loyal Jane, which he believes did not come to Hand, he being informed that the ſaid Ship was loſt the 16th of July laſt.

Yeſterday was held an Adjournment Seſſions of the Peace, for the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, at Weſtminſter Hall, when James Oglethorpe, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Haſlemere in Surrey, took the Oaths, to qualify himſelf as General and Commander in Chief of all His Majeſty's Forces in South Carolina and Georgia in America.

As did alſo Brigadier Thomas Howard, to qualify himſelf for the Command of his Regiment, late Lieutenant-General Tatton's, deceaſed.

As did likewiſe John Hopkins, Eſq; to qualify himſelf for his Poſt in the Army.

This Day a Council will be held at Hampton-Court, when 'tis expected that the Report of the 15 Malefactors now under Sentence of Death in Newgate, will be made to His Majeſty by Mr. Baron Thomſon.

Mr. Serjeant Urling, Deputy-Recorder, is much indiſpoſed.

On Tuesday last Carr the Attorney, who was committed to the Compter for being concerned in robbing a Gentleman at the Angel Tavern near Temple-Bar, some Time since, of 95 Guineas, and a Diamond Ring (as lately mentioned) was re-examined before Sir Richard Brocas, and was by him committed to Newgate.

Yesterday Morning their Majesties, his Highness the Duke, and the Princesses, took the Diversion of hunting a Hind on Sunbury Common, which afforded them good Sport for Two Hours, when it was killed near Kingston-Wick.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Alured Popple, Esq; Secretary to the Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, to be Governor of Bermudas, in the Room of —— Hope, Esq; deceased.

And also to appoint Thomas Pelham, jun. Esq; Member of Parliament for Lewes in Sussex, to be Secretary to the Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, in the Room of the said Alured Popple, Esq;

Last Sunday the Rev. Mr. Andrews, Student of Christ-Church, Oxon, was married at Rycot, in the County of Oxford, to Miss Oliver, only Daughter of —— Oliver, of the said County, Esq; deceased, a young Lady of fine Accomplishments, and a Fortune of 15,000 l.

This Day the Ambassador from the Emperor of Morocco, is to have his Private Audience of His Majesty at Hampton Court.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint John Smart, Esq; to be a Lieutenant in the Regiment of Foot, commanded by Brigadier-General Murray.

Last Sunday George Palmer, Esq; kiss'd His Majesty's Hand, on his being appointed a Lieutenant in the Royal Regiment of Foot in Ireland, commanded by Brigadier-General Armstrong.

His Excellency the Baron de Borcke, formerly the King of Prussia's Minister to this Court, is daily expected here from Potsdam, with the Character of Envoy Extraordinary from that Prince.

Mr. John Van Culmar, late of Green street, deceased, has left 100 l. to one Segey, an old Cobler of the said Street.

On Monday last died at Reading, on his Way to Bath, in an advanced Age, William Chaplin Owen, Esq; a Gentleman of a plentiful Estate. In the Year 1714 he changed his Name, by Act of Parliament, from Chaplin to Owen, to inherit an Estate of 500 l. per Annum, pursuant to the Will of William Owen, Esq;

The Report of Michael Warwick, Esq; Collector of Excise in the Long-Room in the Custom House, being dangerously ill, happily proves a Mistake, he being in perfect good Health.

Westminster, September 17. 1737.

The ASSIZE of BREAD,

As set by the Worshipful ALEXIUS CLAYTON, *Esq; Deputy-Steward.*

	lb. oz. dr.			lb. oz. dr.	
1*d.* or 2 half pen. Loaf new to weigh	0 08 01	White	6*d.* Loaf	04 08 09	Wheaten
	0 12 01	Wheaten		06 00 11	Houshold
	0 16 02	Houshold	12*d.* Loaf	09 01 01	Wheaten
				12 01 07	Houshold
a penny Loaf	1 00 02	White	18*d.* Loaf	13 09 10	Wheaten
	1 08 03	Wheaten		18 02 02	Houshold
	2 00 04	Houshold			

It is also Ordered, that the Bakers within this City and Liberty do not for the future make any Half-quartern Loaves.

And whereas it is enacted, That all Bakers shall and may, after Sept. 1, 1725, make, bake, sell, and expose to Sale, Peck, Half-Peck, or Quartern Loaves, so as the same are made and sold, both as to Weight and Price, in Proportion to the Assize-Table, according to which they are ascertain'd as follows:

WHEATEN-BREAD.

lb. oz. dr.		lb. oz. dr.
Peck Loaf 17 06 02	Quartern Loaf	04 05 08
Half Peck 08 11 01		

By the Court,

HART.

N.B. The Price of the Half Peck fine Wheaten, according to the present Assize, is Eleven Pence Half-penny, and so in Proportion

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	09	50	Evening 10 23

Bank Stock 146 for the Opening. India 177 3-4ths. South Sea 102 1-4th to 1-half. Old Annuity 111 3-4ths for the Opening. New ditto 110 3-4ths to 111. Three per Cent. 106 1-half, 3-4ths. 3 per Cent. Loan 114 1-8th. 5 per Cent. ditto 103. Royal Assurance 109 to 1-half. London Assurance 14 7-8ths to 15 African 14. New India Bonds 6 l. 19 s. Prem. Old ditto, 6 l. 17 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 5 l. Prem. New Bank Circulation 10 s. to 12 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Prem. English Copper 2 l. 12 s. Welch ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 3 per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 123 1-half. Lottery Tickets 10 l. 5 s. 6 d. Stampt ditto 4 l. 7 s. 6 d.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price 2 s 6 d.)

A Treatise concerning Dignities, Titles, Offices, Pre eminencies, and yearly Revenues, which have been granted by the several Kings of England after the Conquest, for the Honour and Maintenance of the Princes their Eldest Sons. With sundry Particulars relating thereto.

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A New General English Dictionary; peculiarly calculated for the Use and Improvement of such as are unacquainted with the Learned Languages. Wherein the difficult Words and Technical Terms made use of in

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ASTRONOMY,	HUNTING,	POETRY,
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Are not only fully explain'd, but accented on their proper Syllables, to prevent a vicious Pronunciation; and mark'd with initial Letters, to denote the Part of Speech, to which each Word peculiarly belongs. To which is prefixed, a Compendious English Grammar, with general Rules for the ready Formation of one Part of Speech from another; by the due Application whereof, such as understand English only, may be able to write as correctly and elegantly, as those who have been some Years conversant in the Latin, Greek, &c. Languages. Together with a Supplement, of the proper Names of the most noted Kingdoms, Provinces, Cities, Towns, Rivers, &c. throughout the known World. As also, of the most celebrated Emperors, Kings, Queens, Priests, Poets, Philosophers, Generals, &c. whether Jewish, Pagan, Mahometan, or Christian; but more especially such as are mentioned either in the Old or New Testament.

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Originally begun by the late Reverend Mr Thomas Dyche, School-Master at Stratford le Bow, Author of the Guide to the English Tongue, the Spelling Dictionary, &c. And now finished by William Pardon, Gent.

Printed for Richard Ware, at the Bible and Sun in Warwick-Lane, Amen Corner. Price 6 s.

WHereas many Inconveniencies have attended the ordinary manner of supplying the Kingdoms of England and Ireland with Pyrmont Water; particularly, the Water frequently lay long in the Merchants Hands at Bremen before transported to England, and afterwards yet longer in the Possession of the Sellers in London before sold: so that o tentimes, before it came to the Drinkers Hands, it would be a Year old, or upwards. Moreover I have detected Persons filling Bottles (marked with a Star, like those in which I used to fill the Pyrmont Waters) at a common Spring, in order to transport and impose them upon the Publick, for the true Waters of Pyrmont. And further, to my certain Knowledge, great Quantities of false Waters were purposely filled in this Country, and imposed last Year on the Publick designedly, by some Traders in England, in order to prejudice this Fountain, and to the Detriment and Disappointment of the Drinkers. And on the other hand, being well assured of the Integrity of Mr. EYRE, sworn Purveyor of all Mineral Waters to their Britannick Majesties and being an Eye-Witness of the Improvements he has made in filling these Waters, whereby they are now transported in greater Perfection: Therefore I do appoint him, jointly with my Brother JOHN-HENRY REISENER, to transport into England and Ireland the said Waters, which shall be sent them from time to time, and be sold by *them only*, or by such as *they shall appoint*, by which Method the Dominions of his Britannick Majesty will be constantly supplied with FRESH PYRMONT WATER, and the foregoing Inconveniencies be in some measure prevented: And for a further Caution, all the Bottles filled with the said Water will have the Arms of his Highness the Prince of Waldeck impressed on the Side, agreeable to a Patent granted them by his Highness for that Purpose; and all such as are not thus marked, agreeable to the above Impression, are not to be depended on to be the true Waters of Pyrmont.

Pyrmont, Mar. 30. 1737. CHRISTIAN-ULRICH REISENER, *Master of the Pyrmont Wells.*

THESE are to certify, That Mess. JOHN-HENRY REISENER and HENRY EYRE have caused to be filled, in their Presence, 34,213 Bottles of Pyrmont Water, which Water was filled in a good Season, and when it was in its utmost Perfection, and was corked, wired down, and secured by an excellent Composition, after an improved Method.

Pyrmont, May 26. 1737, N. S. D. JOHN PHILIP SEIP, *Counsellor and Physician to his Highness the Prince of Waldeck at Pyrmont.*

These WATERS are sold at Mr EYRE's Mineral Water-Warehouse, near *Temple Bar.*

Where also are constantly sold the following Mineral Waters, *viz.*

SPA,	BORNE,	BATH,	SCARBORO'
SELTERS,	HOLT,	BRISTOL,	

N. B. Mr EYRE Imploys his whole Time in attending and filling the several Waters, particularly those of *Pyrmont* and *Spaw.*

Admiralty Office, Sept. 13, 1737.

THE Governors of the Charity for the Relief of poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy, intending to distribute some Relief to the Widows whose Husbands died before the 30th of August 1732, and whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment: These are to give Notice, That Copies of the said Rules are lodged with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth; as also with the Clerks of the Cheque at Deptford and Woolwich, and the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale; where they may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose: But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above mentioned, may apply by Letter to Thomas Corbett, Esq; at the Admiralty Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And they are desired to bring or send their Certificates or Affidavits to the said Office before the 5th Day of November next.

CONSUMPTIONS *of all Sorts,* ASTHMA's, *and all Disorders of the* Breast *and* Lungs,

Directly and infallibly cured by the Great CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has restored so many Thousands labouring under the deepest Consumptions and most deplorable Asthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days Time, after all other the most celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once strikes at, and absolutely eradicates the first Principle or Cause of Consumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind, as also of Asthma's, or Shortness of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obstructing Viscosities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in ten.

It assuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a mere Skeleton; and immediately cures the most tedious wasting and almost suffocating Coughs, Hoarseness, Wheezing, Shortness of Breath, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain, or Weight in the Breast, Spitting of Blood, Soreness of the Stomach, Tisick, or Windpipe: Also Catarrhs, or Defluxions of sharp Rheum, and all Pthisical and Asthmatick Effects, Hectick Fevers, raising Night Sweats, and Diarrhœa's, or Looseneſſes, in a pleasant and most agreeable Manner.

It is balsamick, healing and strengthening beyond Comparison, restores in all inward Wastings, Weakness, and Decay of Constitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, causes free and easy Respiration or long Breathing, and speedily and infallibly cures ASTHMA's, and all Sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever so bad, without the least Disorder, Trouble or Confinement, and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be safely depended upon for the entire Cure of those Maladies.

Nor can the whole *Materia Medica* afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character this most noble Chymical ELIXIR has so justly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of CONSUMPTIONS and ASTHMA's, &c has occasioned many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right, which can be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions, and at no other Place in England.

The GARND SPECIFICK *for Cleansing and Strengthening the Reins, &c.*

A Medicine that hath gain'd so much Reputation, for these many Years it has been publish'd, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Cases, has at all hinder'd the just Reputation this first and only Specifick, for these Purposes, hath and does obtain, by its most noble Effects.

For it may be certainly depended on as absolutely effectual for carrying off, by Urine, safely and speedily, all the Relicts of secret Injuries, Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepared Mercurials, Gleets or Weaknesses, thro' tedious or ill managed Cures of the Venereal Disease; or from Self-pollution, inordinate Coition, &c.

Also any Weaknesses of the Vessels from Wrenches, Strains, Blows, or Falls, and all other Obstructions in the Urinary Passages, even Stranguries, Ulcers, &c. are perfectly cured by it, be they of ever so long standing; which Relicts and Ailments are, in Part, discovered by these following Symptoms, viz Weakness and Pain in the Back, a Sharpness in the Urine, its strong Smell, Films or Hairs as it were floating about in it, and, in some, too frequent Occasion to make it.

This noble Specifick is also of singular and very extraordinary Use and Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even small Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obstructs the Urine, bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, and to the very great Satisfaction of the Patients, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and particularly by a Gentleman, whose Case has so often been mentioned in this Advertisement, by a Certificate of his Cure, who, on taking but a little of this noble Specifick, voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an insupportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a short Continuance of it.

It also strengthens and recovers, after a particular Manner, all Relaxations of the Vessels, confirms the Parts, bringing all into Order, and thereby perfects the Cure to Admiration. It is a very pleasant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reason of its being made publick, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Cases above-mentioned.

One Bottle, in most Cases, is sufficient for a perfect Cure, as you will see by the Directions given with it.

Sold at 7 s. 6 d. the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Toy-shop, at the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury, in the Poultry.

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